

Resoluções

Capítulo 20

Identidades trigonométricas



ATIVIDADES PARA SALA

01 a) $\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = (1 - \cos^2 x)^2 - \cos^4 x = 1 - 2 \cos^2 x$

b) $(\sec x - \tan x) \cdot (\sec x + \tan x) \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow (\sec x)^2 - (\tan x)^2 = (1 + \tan^2 x) - \tan^2 x = 1$

c) $1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$

d) $1 - \cos^2 x - \cos^2 x = 1 - 2 \cos^2 x$

e) $\left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right) \cdot (\sin x) + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\cos x} = \sec x$

02 a) $\tan^2 x - 2 \cdot \tan x \cdot \cot x + \cot^2 x = \tan^2 x + \cot^2 x - 2$

b) $\tan^2 x + 2 \cdot \tan x \cdot \cot x + \cot^2 x = \cot^2 x + \tan^2 x + 2$

03 $\frac{1}{\cos x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\tan x - 1}{\tan x + 1}$

04 $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cdot \cos x} = \frac{1 - 2 \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cdot \cos x}$

05 $\sin^2 x - \sin^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x = \sin^2 x \cdot (1 - \cos^2 x) = \sin^2 x \cdot \sin^2 x = \sin^4 x$



ATIVIDADES PROPOSTAS

01 $a^2 \cdot \sin^2 x - 2ab \cdot \sin x \cdot \cos x + b^2 \cdot \cos^2 x + a^2 \cdot \cos^2 x +$
 $+ 2ab \cdot \sin x \cdot \cos x + b^2 \cdot \sin^2 x =$
 $a^2 \cdot (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) + b^2 \cdot (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x) = a^2 + b^2$

02 $\frac{\frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}}{1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x} = \cos^2 x$

03 $\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x \cdot \sin^2 x} =$
 $= \frac{1}{\cos^2 x \cdot \sin^2 x} = \sec^2 x \cdot \csc^2 x$

04 $\cos^2 a - \cos^2 b + \sin^2 a - \sin^2 b = 1 - 1 = 0$

05 $\begin{cases} \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \\ \sin^2 y + \cos^2 y = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = \sin^2 y + \cos^2 y \Rightarrow$
 $\sin^2 x - \sin^2 y = \cos^2 y - \cos^2 x \Rightarrow$
 $(\sin x + \sin y) \cdot (\sin x - \sin y) = (\cos y + \cos x) \cdot (\cos y - \cos x) \Rightarrow$
 $\frac{\sin x + \sin y}{\cos y - \cos x} = \frac{\cos y + \cos x}{\sin x - \sin y}$

06 $1 - \tan^2 x = 1 - (\sec^2 x - 1) = 2 - \sec^2 x$

07 $\frac{\cos x + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\cos x}} = \frac{\frac{\sin x \cdot \cos x + \cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x}} =$
 $\frac{\cos x \cdot (1 + \sin x)}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} = \cos x \cdot \cot x$

08 $\frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 y + \cos^2 x \cdot \cos^2 y}{\cos^2 x \cdot \cos^2 y} =$
 $\frac{\sin^2 x - (1 - \sin^2 y) + (1 - \sin^2 x) \cdot (1 - \sin^2 y)}{\cos^2 x \cdot \cos^2 y} =$
 $\frac{\sin^2 x - 1 + \sin^2 y + 1 - \sin^2 y - \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x \cdot \sin^2 y}{\cos^2 x \cdot \cos^2 y} =$
 $\frac{\sin^2 x \cdot \sin^2 y}{\cos^2 x \cdot \cos^2 y} = \tan^2 x \cdot \tan^2 y$

09 $\left(\frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}\right)^2 = \frac{(1 - \cos x)^2}{\sin^2 x} =$
 $\frac{(1 - \cos x)^2}{(1 - \cos x) \cdot (1 + \cos x)} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x}$

10 $\sec^2 x = 1 + \tan^2 x \Rightarrow \sec^2 x - \tan^2 x = 1 \Rightarrow$

$(\sec x + \tan x) \cdot (\sec x - \tan x) = 1 \Rightarrow \sec x - \tan x = \frac{1}{\sec x + \tan x}$